

# Solving Division Practice

Division is simply the reverse of multiplication. When you see a problem like  $3 \overline{)6}$ , say to yourself, 'three time what makes 6?' or 'how many 3's in 6?' Both ways will work. Three times **two** makes six and there are **2** sets of 3 in 6. So the answer would be 2.

*Solve by asking either question.*

$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ \times \phantom{00} \\ \hline 6 \end{array}$$

$$3 \overline{)6}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ \times \phantom{00} \\ \hline 18 \end{array}$$

$$3 \overline{)18}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ \times \phantom{00} \\ \hline 21 \end{array}$$

$$3 \overline{)21}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ \times \phantom{00} \\ \hline 3 \end{array}$$

$$3 \overline{)3}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ \times \phantom{00} \\ \hline 15 \end{array}$$

$$3 \overline{)15}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ \times \phantom{00} \\ \hline 30 \end{array}$$

$$3 \overline{)30}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ \times \phantom{00} \\ \hline 24 \end{array}$$

$$3 \overline{)24}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ \times \phantom{00} \\ \hline 27 \end{array}$$

$$3 \overline{)27}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ \times \phantom{00} \\ \hline 9 \end{array}$$

$$3 \overline{)9}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ \times \phantom{00} \\ \hline 12 \end{array}$$

$$3 \overline{)12}$$