

Solving Division Practice

Division is simply the reverse of multiplication. When you see a problem like $8 \overline{)16}$, say to yourself, 'eight times what makes 16?' or 'how many 8's in 16?' Both ways will work. Eight times **two** makes sixteen and there are **2** sets of 8 in 16. So the answer would be 2.

Solve by asking either question.

$$\begin{array}{r} 8 \\ \times \\ \hline 32 \end{array}$$

$$8 \overline{)32}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 8 \\ \times \\ \hline 40 \end{array}$$

$$8 \overline{)40}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 8 \\ \times \\ \hline 8 \end{array}$$

$$8 \overline{)8}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 8 \\ \times \\ \hline 72 \end{array}$$

$$8 \overline{)72}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 8 \\ \times \\ \hline 48 \end{array}$$

$$8 \overline{)48}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 8 \\ \times \\ \hline 64 \end{array}$$

$$8 \overline{)64}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 8 \\ \times \\ \hline 16 \end{array}$$

$$8 \overline{)16}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 8 \\ \times \\ \hline 56 \end{array}$$

$$8 \overline{)56}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 8 \\ \times \\ \hline 80 \end{array}$$

$$8 \overline{)80}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 8 \\ \times \\ \hline 24 \end{array}$$

$$8 \overline{)24}$$